)

))

)

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

In re:

Residential Capital, LLC, et al.,

Chapter 11

Case No. 12-12020 (MG)

Debtors.

Jointly Administered

DECLARATION OF DAVID WILLIAMS

I, David Williams, declare as follows:

1. I submit this declaration in opposition to the relief requested by debtors and debtors in possession in the above-captioned cases (the "Debtors") in the Debtors' Motion Pursuant to Rule 9019 of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure for Approval of the Settlement Agreement (the "**FGIC Settlement Agreement**") Among Debtors, Financial Guaranty Insurance Company ("**FGIC**"), the Trustees of the FGIC Insured Trusts (as defined below) and Certain Institutional Investors.

2. Since graduating from NYU's Stern School of Business with a MBA in finance in 1991, I have worked in the structured finance and residential mortgage backed securities ("**RMBS**") markets. During my more than 20 years working in this area, I have analyzed, structured, and invested in various structured products including RMBS and specifically monoline-wrapped securities.

3. Before joining CQS five years ago, I worked at FSA (a monoline bond insurer) for 13 years, and before that I worked for 4 years at Prudential Securities.

4. CQS purchased Rescap FGIC-wrapped bonds from 2007 through 2012. These FGIC-wrapped securities are insured by FGIC pursuant to irrevocable insurance policies issued by FGIC for the benefit of the investors in the FGIC Insured Trusts, which are those trusts

12-12020-mg Doc 4430 Filed 07/31/13 Entered 07/31/13 16:43:40 Main Document Pg 2 of 4

listed in Exhibit B to the proposed Settlement Agreement. The original face value of CQS's Rescap FGIC-wrapped securities is approximately \$312 M and the current face value is approximately \$115 M. Missed FGIC payments on CQS'sholdings through July 2013 are approximately \$19 M.

5. As of Q1 2013, FGIC lists assets of approximately \$2.1 B, not including recoveries including various representation and warranty claims.

6. Lazard Frères & Co. LLC ("**Lazard**") has estimated that FGIC's losses will be \$5.1 B on a present value basis. CQS has estimated a slightly higher loss amount, which includes municipal losses in the \$300 M to \$750 M range, on a present value basis. The Lazard analysis did not give credit for any potential recoveries.

7. By taking FGIC's asset figure of \$2.1 B and Lazard's loss figure of \$5.1 B, CQS estimates recoveries under the FGIC Rehabilitation Plan of approximately 40.7%, before other recoveries (such as representation and warranty recoveries) are factored in. When representation and warranty recoveries are factored in CQS believes the ultimate nominal recovery will be in the 52% to 57% range (see paragraph 9 below).

8. The Commutation that forms part of the FGIC Settlement Agreement provides for an average recovery of approximately 21%. Affirmation of Gary T. Holtzer, dated May 29, 2013. However, pursuant to the Trustees' trust-by-trust loss allocations, several of CQS's bonds are set to recover less than 15% under the FGIC Settlement Agreement.

9. CQS has identified at least 14 FGIC-wrapped Countrywide trusts for which FGIC has asserted representation and warranty claims against Bank of America. On those 14 trusts, FGIC has paid approximately \$765 M in claims and has received claims for an additional approximately \$919 M. In addition, these trusts currently have approximately \$184 M

- 2 -

12-12020-mg Doc 4430 Filed 07/31/13 Entered 07/31/13 16:43:40 Main Document Pg 3 of 4

of 30+ day delinquent loans. The total of these 3 categories is approximately \$1.87 B. Recent monoline settlements with Bank of America have been in the 33% to 45% range. This would provide FGIC with representation recoveries from Bank of America alone in the \$600 M to \$840 M range.

10. I have concluded that the Settlement Agreement is certainly not in the best interest of CQS. I have learned nothing that would support the notion that the Trustees of the FGIC Trusts acted in good faith on our behalf.

11. The FGIC Trustees did not seek and obtain CQS's consent before entering into the FGIC Settlement Agreement. Had they sought CQS's consent, CQS would not have provided such consent because CQS is of the view that the FGIC Settlement Agreement provides CQS with inadequate consideration for the commutation of the FGIC policies, and excludes CQS from receiving additional payouts from FGIC subsequent to FGIC recovering on its representation and warranty lawsuits.

12-12020-mg Doc 4430 Filed 07/31/13 Entered 07/31/13 16:43:40 Main Document Pg 4 of 4

12. I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed the <u>31</u> day of July, 2013, at New York, New York,

David Williams